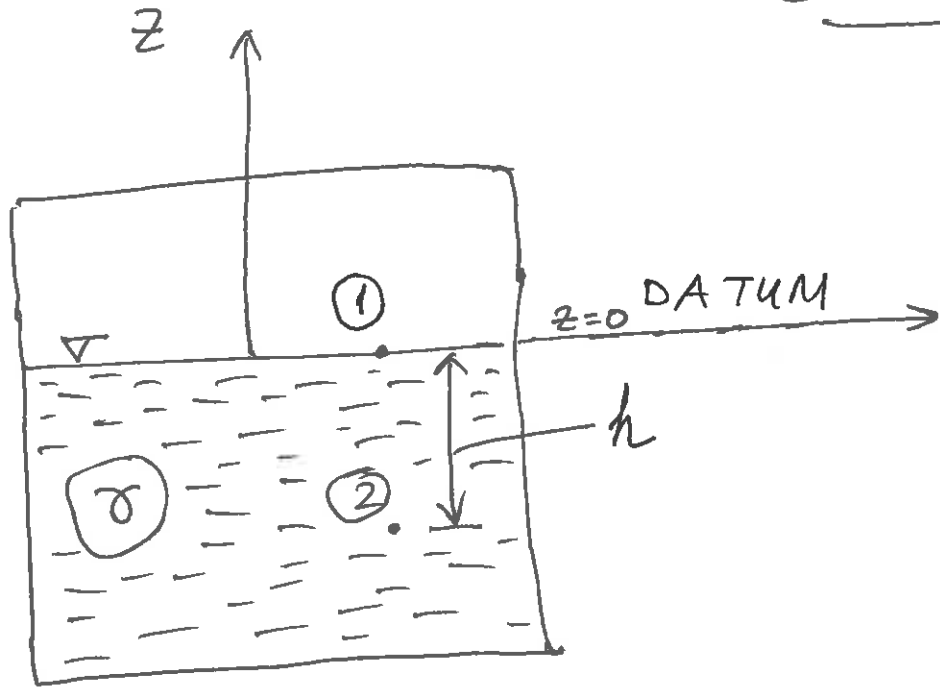


Example of piezometric pressure inside standing fluids 9/20/18

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From hydrostatic Law:

$$P_2 = P_1 + \gamma h$$

$$P_z = (\text{Piezometric pressure}) = P + \gamma z \quad (\leftarrow \text{DEFINITION})$$

$$P_{z_1} = P_1 + \gamma z_1 = P_1 + \gamma \cdot 0 \quad (z_1 = 0)$$

$$P_{z_2} = P_2 + \gamma z_2 = (P_1 + \gamma h) + \gamma(-h) \quad (z_2 = -h)$$

$$= P_1$$

SO: $P_{z_1} = P_{z_2}$

→ true throughout the whole fluid or $P_z = \text{constant}$

Note: I left $P_1 \neq 0$ in case there is another liquid or air above the shown free surface.